This document outlines the academic goals, the activities and materials used in the English I class in order to achieve high academic success. There is a great deal of overlap in the standards within the activities and within the core areas, thus, standards addressed repeatedly throughout the year.

Time period	Standard	Resources (unit in textbook, learning center, recurring activity, other)	Internet/Media/ other resource
Week to	(1) Reading/Vocabulary Development.		
7-12	(A) determine the meaning of grade-level technical academic English words in multiple content areas (e.g., science, mathematics, social studies, the arts) derived from Latin, Greek, or other linguistic roots and affixes;	Textbook Unit 2: Short Stories p. 412-413	Sadlier-Oxford Vocabulary Workshop
19-24	(B) analyze textual context (within a sentence and in larger sections of text) to distinguish between the denotative and connotative meanings of words;	Textbook Unit 4: Poetry p. 766-767	Sadlier-Oxford Vocabulary Workshop
	(C) produce analogies that describe a function of an object or its description;	Sadlier-Oxford Vocabulary Workshop	Sadlier-Oxford Vocabulary Workshop
25-30	(D) describe the origins and meanings of foreign words or phrases used frequently in written English (e.g., caveat emptor, carte blanche, tete a tete, pas de deux, bon appetit, quid pro quo); and	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1016-1017	Sadlier-Oxford Vocabulary Workshop
1-6	(E) use a dictionary, a glossary, or a thesaurus (printed or electronic) to determine or confirm the meanings of words and phrases, including their connotations and denotations, and their etymology.  (2) Reading/Comprehension	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction & Non-Fiction p. 182-183	Sadlier-Oxford Vocabulary Workshop
	$_{x}gf$ Literary Text/Theme and Genre.		
1-6	(A) analyza how the genre	Teythook Unit 1. Fiction & Non-	Characteristics Chart

	of texts with similar themes shapes meaning;	fiction *The Washwoman & New Directions	
31-36	(B) analyze the influence of mythic, classical and traditional literature on 20th and 21st century literature; and	Textbook Unit 6: Themes in Oral Tradition *The Odyssey	Odyssey webquest: http://www.carlos.emory.edu/ ODYSSEY/GREECE/home.html
25-30	(C) relate the figurative language of a literary work to its historical and cultural setting.	Textbook Unit 5: Drama *Romeo & Juliet: Romeo's "But Soft" monologue.	
Weeks	(3)		
to	Reading/Comprehension		
	of Literary Text/Poetry. Students Students are expected to		
19-24	A) understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the structure and elements of poetry and provide evidence from text to	Textbook Unit 4: Poetry	
	support their understanding.		
19-24	B) analyze the effects of diction and imagery (e.g., controlling images, figurative language, understatement, overstatement, irony, paradox) in poetry.	Textbook Unit 4: Poetry *Poetry Collection 1 & 2	
	(4)		
	Reading/Comprehension		
	of Literary Text/Drama.		
25-30	A) understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the structure and elements of drama and provide evidence from text to support their understanding.	Textbook Unit 5: Drama *Romeo & Juliet	PlayStructure Worksheet West Side Story movie
25-30	B) explain how dramatic conventions (e.g., monologues, soliloquies, dramatic irony) enhance dramatic text.	Textbook Unit 5: Drama *Romeo & Juliet (Act 3 & questions) *Inspector General	

Week	(5)		
to	Reading/Comprehension		
_	of Literary Text/Fiction.		
1-6	(A) analyze non-linear plot development (e.g., flashbacks, foreshadowing, sub-plots, parallel plot structures) and compare it to linear plot development;	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction & Non- fiction * especially <i>Cask of Amontillado</i> and <i>Sonata for Harp and Bicycle</i>	Foreshadowing handout
25-30	(B) analyze how authors develop complex yet believable characters in works of fiction through a range of literary devices, including character foils;	Textbook Unit 5: Drama *Romeo & Juliet (especially foils)	Characterization chart (Unit 1 worksheet) Foil worksheet
1-6; 7-12	(C) analyze the way in which a work of fiction is shaped by the narrator's point of view; and	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction & Nonfiction Textbook Unit 2: Short Stories	Characterization chart (Unit 1 worksheet)
25-30; 31-36	(D) demonstrate familiarity with works by authors from non-English-speaking literary traditions with emphasis on classical literature.	Textbook Unit 5: Drama *Inspector-General by Chekov Textbook Unit 6: Themes in Oral Tradition *Odyssey by Homer Introduce Metamorphosis by Kafka?	
	(6) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Literary Nonfiction, Students.		
1-6; 13-18	A) understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the varied structural patterns and features of literary nonfiction and provide evidence from text to support their understanding	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction and Nonfiction Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction	NonlinearPlot_Cask worksheet
1-6; 13-18	B) analyze how literary essays interweave personal examples and ideas with factual information to explain, present a perspective, or describe a situation or event.	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction and Nonfiction (New Directions & The Girl Who Can) Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction	

Week	(7)		
to	(7)		
0	Reading/Comprehension		
	of Literary Text/Sensory		
	Language.	m d luves	
	A) understand, make	Textbook Unit 5: Drama *Romeo & Juliet—Act 3	
	inferences and draw	monologues, especially the scene	
	conclusions about how an	between Romeo and Juliet	
	author's sensory language	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	creates imagery in literary		
	text and provide evidence		
	from text to support their		
- 10	understanding.		
7-12;	B) <mark>explain the role of</mark>	Textbook Unit 2: Short Stories	Paradox handout
25-30	irony, sarcasm, and	*The Gift of the Magi, The Interlopers	
	paradox in literary works.	Textbook Unit 5: Drama	
		*Romeo & Juliet	
	(8)		
	Reading/Comprehension		
	of Informational		
	Text/Culture and History.		
25-30	A) analyze, make	Textbook Unit 5: Drama	
	inferences and draw	*Romeo & Juliet—looking @ age of	
	conclusions about the	characters dependent on events &	
	author's purpose in	period when work was written;	
	cultural, historical, and	burial of people in crypts; Romeo's exile versus death.	
	contemporary contexts	exile versus deadil.	
	and provide evidence		
	from the text to support		
	their understanding.		
13-18	B) explain the controlling	Textbook Unit 3: Types of	
	idea and specific purpose	Nonfiction	
	of an expository text and		
	distinguish the most		
	important from the less		
	important details that		
	support the author's		
	purpose.		
	(9)		
	Reading/Comprehension		
	of Informational		
	Text/Expository Text.		
1-6;	(A) summarize text and	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction and	http://depts.washington.edu/
13-18	distinguish between a	Nonfiction	owrc/Handouts/How%20to%20Write
	summary that captures	*Sonata of Harp and Bicycle	%20a%20Summary.pdf
	the main ideas and	Textbook Unit 3: Types of	
	elements of a text and a	Nonfiction Weekly News Articles	
	critique that takes a	Weekly News Alucies	

	position and expresses an opinion;		
13-18	(B) differentiate between opinions that are substantiated and unsubstantiated in the text;	Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction	
13-18	(C) make subtle inferences and draw complex conclusions about the ideas in text and their organizational patterns; and	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction and Nonfiction Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction	Prediction_Chart worksheet
13-18	(D) synthesize and make logical connections between ideas and details in several texts selected to reflect a range of viewpoints on the same topic and support those findings with textual evidence.	Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction Find political pieces from internet	
	(10) Reading/Comprehension of Informational		
13-18	Text/Persuasive Text.  (A) analyze the relevance, quality, and credibility of evidence given to support or oppose an argument for a specific audience; and	Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction *Persuasive speeches (MLK, Jr. & Roosevelt)	
13-18	(B) analyze famous speeches for the rhetorical structures and devices used to convince the reader of the authors' propositions.	Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction *MLK, Jr's" I have a dream"	
Week to 	(11) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Procedural Texts.		
1-6	(A) analyze the clarity of the objective(s) of procedural text (e.g.,	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction and Nonfiction *Real-life Reading: <i>Ready to perform a task</i>	

13-18	consider reading instructions for software, warranties, consumer publications); and  (B) analyze factual, quantitative, or technical data presented in multiple graphical sources.	Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction *Real-life Reading	
Week to	(12) Reading/Media Literacy.		
1-36	(A) compare and contrast how events are presented and information is communicated by visual images (e.g., graphic art, illustrations, news photographs) versus nonvisual texts;	Current event reports	Cnn & Bbc websites (print and/or video)
1-36	(B) analyze how messages in media are conveyed through visual and sound techniques (e.g., editing, reaction shots, sequencing, background music);	Current event reports	Cnn & Bbc websites (print and/or video)
1-36	(C) compare and contrast coverage of the same event in various media (e.g., newspapers, television, documentaries, blogs, Internet); and	Current event reports	Cnn & Bbc websites (print and/or video)
1-36	(D) evaluate changes in formality and tone within the same medium for specific audiences and purposes.	Current event reports	Cnn & Bbc websites (print and/or video)
Week to	(13) Writing/Writing Process.		
25-30; 31-36	(A) plan a first draft by selecting the correct genre for conveying the intended meaning to multiple audiences, determining appropriate topics through a range of strategies (e.g., discussion,	Throughout each unit Textbook Unit 5: Drama *Romeo & Juliet Character analysis Textbook Unit 6: Themes in Oral Tradition *Odyssey Compare/Contrast	Paper handouts: Romeo & Juliet Compare worksheet

	background reading, personal interests, interviews), and		
25-30;	developing a thesis or controlling idea;  (B) structure ideas in a	Throughout each unit	Comparison-Contrast Fill-in Outline
31-36	sustained and persuasive way (e.g., using outlines, note taking, graphic organizers, lists) and develop drafts in timed and open-ended situations that include transitions and the rhetorical devices used to convey meaning;	Textbook Unit 5: Drama *Romeo & Juliet Character analysis Textbook Unit 6: Themes in Oral Tradition *Odyssey Compare/Contrast *Compare/Contrast essay	worksheet
25-30; 31-36	(C) revise drafts to improve style, word choice, figurative language, sentence variety, and subtlety of meaning after rethinking how well questions of purpose, audience, and genre have been addressed;	Throughout each unit Textbook Unit 5: Drama Romeo & Juliet Character analysis – teacher-created handout Textbook Unit 6: Themes in Oral Tradition *Odyssey Compare/Contrast	Peer Edit Activity power point
25-30; 31-36	(D) edit drafts for grammar, mechanics, and spelling; and	Textbook Unit 5: Drama Romeo & Juliet Character analysis – teacher-created handout Textbook Unit 6: Themes in Oral Tradition *Odyssey Compare/Contrast	Peer Edit Activity power point
25-30; 31-36	(E) revise final draft in response to feedback from peers and teacher and publish written work for appropriate audiences.	Textbook Unit 5: Drama Romeo & Juliet Character analysis – teacher-created handout Textbook Unit 6: Themes in Oral Tradition *Odyssey Compare/Contrast	
Week to	(14) Writing/Literary Texts.		
1-6	(A) write an engaging story with a well-developed conflict and resolution, interesting and believable characters, and a range of literary strategies (e.g., dialogue, suspense) and devices to enhance the plot;	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction and Nonfiction *Autobiographical Narrative	

19-24	(B) write a poem using a variety of poetic	Textbook Unit 4: Poetry	Poem & Poetry Rubric worksheets
	techniques (e.g., structural		
	elements, figurative language) and a variety of		
	poetic forms (e.g.,		
25.20	sonnets, ballads); and	m .1 1 1 1 1 1 5 D	
25-30	(C) write a script with an explicit or implicit theme	Textbook Unit 5: Drama	
	and details that contribute		
	to a definite mood or		
Weeks	tone.		
to	(15) Writing/Expository and Procedural Texts.		
25-30	(A) write an analytical	Textbook Unit 5: Drama	Romeo and Juliet Compare handout
23-30	(A) write an analytical essay of sufficient length	*Romeo & Juliet character analysis	Romeo and Junet Compare nandout
	that includes:		
	(i) effective introductory		
	and concluding		
	paragraphs and a variety		
	of sentence structures; (ii) rhetorical devices, and		
	transitions between		
	paragraphs;		
	(iii) a controlling idea or		
	thesis;		
	(iv) an organizing structure appropriate to purpose,		
	audience, and context;		
	and		
	(v) relevant information		
	and valid inferences;		
25-30	(B) write procedural or	Textbook Unit 5: Drama *How-to Essay – p. 960	
	work-related documents (e.g., instructions, e-mails,	110W to 12334y - p. 700	
	correspondence, memos,		
	project plans) that include:		
	(i) organized and		
	accurately conveyed		
	information; and		
	(ii) reader-friendly formatting techniques;		
19-24	(C) write an interpretative	Textbook Unit 4: Poetry	
	response to an expository	*Response to Literature – p. 960	
	or a literary text (e.g.,		
	essay or review) that:		
	(i) extends beyond a		

[Type text]

summary and literal		
analysis;		
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(iii) analyzes the aesthetic		
effects of an author's use		
of stylistic or rhetorical		
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		Mixing It UP worksheet Mixing It Up Example power point
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infomercial, visual or		
textual parodies,		
theatrical production) with		
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audience.		
(16) Writing/Persuasive		
Texts.		
(A) a clear thesis or	Textbook Unit 1: Fiction and	
position based on logical		
reasons supported by	*Cask of Amontillado	
	Toythook Unit 2: Types of	
, ,	Nonfiction	
	p. 582-584	
the topic and accurate and		
honest representation of		
these views;		
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anticipate and address		
anticipate and address objections;		
anticipate and address	p. 582-584  Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction	
anticipate and address objections; (D) an organizing structure	p. 582-584  Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction p. 582-584	
anticipate and address objections; (D) an organizing structure appropriate to the	p. 582-584  Textbook Unit 3: Types of Nonfiction	
	analysis; (ii) addresses the writing skills for an analytical essay and provides evidence from the text using embedded quotations; and (iii) analyzes the aesthetic effects of an author's use of stylistic or rhetorical devices (D) produce a multimedia presentation (e.g., documentary, class newspaper, docudrama, infomercial, visual or textual parodies, theatrical production) with graphics, images, and sound that conveys a distinctive point of view and appeals to a specific audience. (16) Writing/Persuasive Texts.  (A) a clear thesis or position based on logical reasons supported by precise and relevant evidence; (B) consideration of the whole range of information and views on the topic and accurate and honest representation of these views; (C) counter-arguments	analysis; (ii) addresses the writing skills for an analytical essay and provides evidence from the text using embedded quotations; and (iii) analyzes the aesthetic effects of an author's use of stylistic or rhetorical devices (D) produce a multimedia presentation (e.g., documentary, class newspaper, docudrama, infomercial, visual or textual parodies, theatrical production) with graphics, images, and sound that conveys a distinctive point of view and appeals to a specific audience.  (16) Writing/Persuasive Texts.  (A) a clear thesis or position based on logical reasons supported by precise and relevant evidence; (B) consideration of the whole range of information and views on the topic and accurate and honest representation of these views;

## AMERICAN SCHOOL MED SCOPE & SEQUENCE- ENGLISH 1

	data		
	(17) Oral and Written		
	Conventions/Conventions		
1-36	(A) use and understand the function of the following parts of speech in the context of reading,	Glencoe Language Arts "Grammar and Language Workbook"	Purdue Owl
	writing, and speaking:  (i) more complex active and passive tenses and		
	verbals (gerunds, infinitives, participles); (ii) restrictive and		
	nonrestrictive relative clauses; and (iii) reciprocal pronouns (e.g., each other, one		
	another);		
1-36	(B) identify and use the subjunctive mood to express doubts	Glencoe Language Arts "Grammar and Language Workbook"	
1-36	(C) use a variety of correctly structured sentences (e.g.	Daily Journal Activity Writing Assignments throughout the year	
	(18) Oral and Written		
	Conventions/Handwriting		
1-36	(A) use conventions of capitalization;	Daily Journal Activity Writing Assignments throughout the year	
1-36	(B) use correct punctuation marks including: (i) quotation marks to	Daily Journal Activity Writing Assignments throughout the year	
	indicate sarcasm or irony; (ii) comma placement in nonrestrictive phrases,		
	clauses, and contrasting expressions; and		
	(iii) dashes to emphasize parenthetical information.		
Weeks to	(19) Oral and Written Conventions/Spelling.		
1-36	A) spell correctly, including using various	Sadlier-Oxford Vocabulary Workshop Glencoe Language Arts "Grammar	

## AMERICAN SCHOOL MED SCOPE & SEQUENCE- ENGLISH 1

	resources to determine and check correct	and Language Workbook"	
	<mark>spellings.</mark>		
	(20) Research/Research Plan.		
25-30	(A) brainstorm, consult with others, decide upon a topic, and formulate a major research question to address the major research topic; and	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1002-1003	
25-30	(B) formulate a plan for engaging in research on a complex, multi-faceted topic.	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1002-1003	
Weeks to	(21) Research/Gathering Sources.		
25-30	(A) follow the research plan to compile data from authoritative sources in a manner that identifies the major issues and debates within the field of inquiry;	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1004	
25-30	(B) organize information gathered from multiple sources to create a variety of graphics and forms (e.g., notes, learning logs); and	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1005	
25-30	(C) paraphrase, summarize, quote, and accurately cite all researched information according to a standard format (e.g., author, title, page number).	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1005	
Weeks	(22)		
<u>to</u>	Research/Synthesizing Information.		
25-30	(A) modify the major research question as necessary to refocus the research plan;	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1006	
25-30	(B) evaluate the relevance of information to the topic and determine the	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1002-1006	

	reliability, validity, and accuracy of sources (including Internet sources) by examining their authority and objectivity; and		
25-30	(C) critique the research process at each step to implement changes as the need occurs and is identified.	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1002-1006	
Weeks to	(23) Research/Organizing and Presenting Ideas.		
25-30	(A) marshals evidence in support of a clear thesis statement and related claims;	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1002-1003	
25-30	(B) provides an analysis for the audience that reflects a logical progression of ideas and a clearly stated point of view;	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1002-1003	
25-30	(C) uses graphics and illustrations to help explain concepts where appropriate;	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1002-1003	
25-30	(D) uses a variety of evaluative tools (e.g., selfmade rubrics, peer reviews, teacher and expert evaluations) to examine the quality of the research; and	Textbook Unit 5: Drama p. 1002-1003	*Rubric used throughout year with writing assignments
1-36	(E) uses a style manual (e.g., Modern Language Association, Chicago Manual of Style) to document sources and format written materials.	The <i>Bedford Handbook</i> by Diana Hacker	
Weeks to	(24) Listening and Speaking/Listening.		
1-36	(A) listen responsively to a speaker by taking notes that summarize, synthesize, or highlight the speaker's ideas for	Daily activities	

	critical reflection and by	
	asking questions related	
	to the content for	
	clarification and	
	elaboration;	
1-36	(B) follow and give	Daily activities
	complex oral instructions	
	to perform specific tasks,	
	answer questions, solve	
	problems, and complete	
	processes; and	
13-18	(C) evaluate the	Textbook Unit 3: Types of
	effectiveness of a	Nonfiction
	speaker's main and	
	supporting ideas.	
	(25) Listening and	
	Speaking/Speaking.	
1-36;	A) give presentations	Daily journals
25-30	using informal, formal,	Textbook Unit 5: Drama
	and technical language	*Romeo & Juliet music project
	effectively to meet the	Unit 2 presentations
	needs of audience,	
	purpose, and occasion,	
	employing eye contact,	
	speaking rate (e.g., pauses	
	for effect), volume,	
	enunciation, purposeful	
	gestures, and conventions	
	<mark>of language to</mark>	
	<mark>communicate ideas</mark>	
	effectively.	
	(26) Listening and	
	Speaking/Teamwork.	
1-36	A) <mark>to participate</mark>	Daily & weekly group activities
	productively in teams,	Unit 2 group presentations
	building on the ideas of	
	others, contributing	
	relevant information,	
	developing a plan for	
	consensus-building, and	
	setting ground rules for	
	decision-making.	
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