This document outlines the academic goals, the activities and materials used in the Algebra II class in order to achieve high academic success. There is a great deal of overlap in the standards within the activities and within the core areas, thus, standards addressed repeatedly throughout the year.

Time period	Standard	Resources (unit in textbook, learning center, recurring activity, other)	Internet/Media/ other resource
Week to Suggested timings in TE T36-T39	(1) Foundations for functions. The student uses properties and attributes of functions and applies functions to problem situations. The student is expected to:		
	(A) identify the mathematical domains and ranges of functions and determine reasonable domain and range values for continuous and discrete situations; and	Ch2-1	
	(B) collect and organize data, make and interpret scatterplots, fit the graph of a function to the data, interpret the results, and proceed to model, predict, and make decisions and critical judgments.	Ch2-4	
Week to	(2) Foundations for functions. The student understands the importance of the skills required to manipulate symbols in order to solve problems and uses the necessary algebraic skills required to simplify algebraic expressions and solve equations and inequalities in problem situations. The student is expected to:		
	(A) use tools including factoring and properties of exponents to simplify expressions and to transform and solve equations; and	Ch5-4, 7-4	
YA7 1	(B) use complex numbers to describe the solutions of quadratic equations.	Ch5-5	
Week to 	(3) Foundations for functions. The student formulates systems of equations and inequalities from problem situations, uses a variety of methods to solve them, and analyzes the solutions in terms of the situations. The student is expected to:		
	(A) analyze situations and formulate systems of equations in two or more unknowns or inequalities in two unknowns to solve problems;	Ch2-4	
	(B) use algebraic methods, graphs, tables, or matrices, to solve systems of equations or	Ch3-1 to 3-6, 4-8	

	inequalities; and	
	(C) interpret and determine the reasonableness of solutions to systems of equations or inequalities for given contexts.	Ch3-1 to 3-6
Week to	(4) Algebra and geometry. The student connects algebraic and geometric representations of functions. The student is expected to:	
	(A) identify and sketch graphs of parent functions, including linear $(f(x) = x)$, quadratic $(f(x) = x^2)$, exponential $(f(x) = a^x)$, and logarithmic $(f(x) = \log_a x)$ functions, absolute value of x $(f(x) = x)$, square root of x $(f(x) = \ddot{0}x)$, and reciprocal of x $(f(x) = 1/x)$;	Ch2-2, 2-5, 5-2, 7-Ch8, 8-1
	(B) extend parent functions with parameters such as $a ext{ in } f(x) = a/x$ and describe the effects of the parameter changes on the graph of parent functions; and	Ch2-6, 5-3, 8-2
	(C) describe and analyze the relationship between a function and its inverse.	Ch7-7, 8-3
Week to	(5) Algebra and geometry. The student knows the relationship between the geometric and algebraic descriptions of conic sections. The student is expected to:	
	(A) describe a conic section as the intersection of a plane and a cone;	Ch10-1
	(B) sketch graphs of conic sections to relate simple parameter changes in the equation to corresponding changes in the graph;	Ch10-1
	(C) identify symmetries from graphs of conic sections;	Ch10
	(D) identify the conic section from a given equation; and	Ch10-6
	(E) use the method of completing the square.	Ch5-7
Week to 	(6) Quadratic and square root functions. The student understands that quadratic functions can be represented in different ways and translates among their various representations. The student is expected to:	
	(A) determine the reasonable domain and range values of quadratic functions, as well as interpret and determine the reasonableness of solutions to quadratic equations and inequalities;	Ch5
	(B) relate representations of quadratic functions, such as algebraic, tabular, graphical, and verbal descriptions; and	Ch5-1 to 5-3
	(C) determine a quadratic function from its	Ch5

	roots (real and complex) or a graph.		
Week to	(7) Quadratic and square root functions. The		
。	student interprets and describes the effects of		
	changes in the parameters of quadratic		
	functions in applied and mathematical		
	situations. The student is expected to:		
	(A) use characteristics of the quadratic parent	Ch5-3	
	function to sketch the related graphs and		
	connect between the $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ and the $y =$		
	$a(x-h)^2 + k$ symbolic representations of		
	quadratic functions; and		
	(B) use the parent function to investigate,	Ch5-3	
	describe, and predict the effects of changes in <i>a</i> ,		
	h, and k on the graphs of $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$ form of		
	a function in applied and purely mathematical		
Week to	situations. (8) Quadratic and square root functions. The		
week to	student formulates equations and inequalities		
	based on quadratic functions, uses a variety of		
	methods to solve them, and analyzes the		
	solutions in terms of the situation. The student		
	is expected to:		
	(A) analyze situations involving quadratic	Ch5-5	
	functions and formulate quadratic equations or		
	inequalities to solve problems;		
	(B) analyze and interpret the solutions of	Ch5-8	
	quadratic equations using discriminants and		
	solve quadratic equations using the quadratic		
	formula;		
	(C) compare and translate between algebraic	Ch5	
	and graphical solutions of quadratic equations; and		
	(D) solve quadratic equations and inequalities	Ch5	
	using graphs, tables, and algebraic methods.	GIIJ	
Week to	(9) Quadratic and square root functions. The		
	student formulates equations and inequalities		
	based on square root functions, uses a variety of		
	methods to solve them, and analyzes the		
	solutions in terms of the situation. The student		
	is expected to:		
	(A) use the parent function to investigate,	CH7-8	
	describe, and predict the effects of parameter		
	changes on the graphs of square root functions		
	and describe limitations on the domains and		
	ranges;	C1 7	
	(B) relate representations of square root	Ch7	
	functions, such as algebraic, tabular, graphical,		

	and verbal descriptions;		
	(C) determine the reasonable domain and range values of square root functions, as well as interpret and determine the reasonableness of solutions to square root equations and inequalities;	Ch7	
	(D) determine solutions of square root equations using graphs, tables, and algebraic methods;	Ch7-5	
	(E) determine solutions of square root inequalities using graphs and tables;	Ch7-8	
	(F) analyze situations modeled by square root functions, formulate equations or inequalities, select a method, and solve problems; and	Ch7	
	(G) connect inverses of square root functions with quadratic functions.	Ch7-7	
Week to	(10) Rational functions. The student formulates equations and inequalities based on rational functions, uses a variety of methods to solve them, and analyzes the solutions in terms of the situation. The student is expected to:		
	(A) use quotients of polynomials to describe the graphs of rational functions, predict the effects of parameter changes, describe limitations on the domains and ranges, and examine asymptotic behavior;	Ch9-3	
	(B) analyze various representations of rational functions with respect to problem situations;	Ch9	
	(C) determine the reasonable domain and range values of rational functions, as well as interpret and determine the reasonableness of solutions to rational equations and inequalities;	Ch9	
	(D) determine the solutions of rational equations using graphs, tables, and algebraic methods;	Ch9-6	
	(E) determine solutions of rational inequalities using graphs and tables;	Ch9	
	(F) analyze a situation modeled by a rational function, formulate an equation or inequality composed of a linear or quadratic function, and solve the problem; and	Ch9	
	(G) use functions to model and make predictions in problem situations involving direct and inverse variation.	Ch9	
Week to	(11) Exponential and logarithmic functions. The student formulates equations and inequalities based on exponential and logarithmic functions,		

uses a variety of methods to solve them, and analyzes the solutions in terms of the situation.	
The student is expected to:	
(A) develop the definition of logarithms by exploring and describing the relationship between exponential functions and their inverses;	Ch8-3
(B) use the parent functions to investigate, describe, and predict the effects of parameter changes on the graphs of exponential and logarithmic functions, describe limitations on the domains and ranges, and examine asymptotic behavior;	Ch8-1 to 8-3
(C) determine the reasonable domain and range values of exponential and logarithmic functions, as well as interpret and determine the reasonableness of solutions to exponential and logarithmic equations and inequalities;	Ch8
(D) determine solutions of exponential and logarithmic equations using graphs, tables, and algebraic methods;	Ch8-5
(E) determine solutions of exponential and logarithmic inequalities using graphs and tables; and	Ch8
(F) analyze a situation modeled by an exponential function, formulate an equation or inequality, and solve the problem.	Ch8